

## Lesson 3.1 Direction

#### Content

- Introduction
- Key Terms
- Getting direction
- Intelligence Acquisition Plan (IAP)
- Named Areas of Interest (NAI)
- Indicators
- Request for Information (RFI)

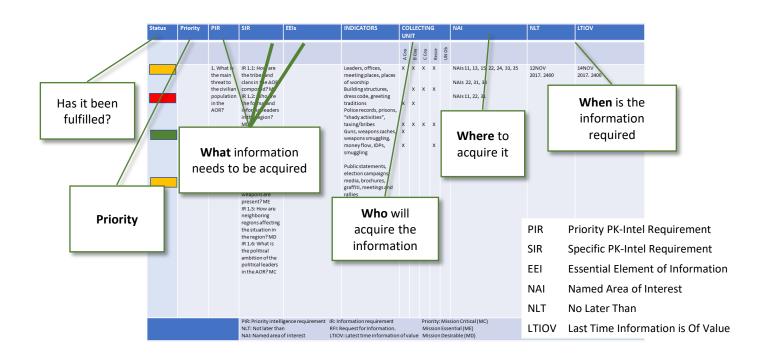
### Learning Outcomes

- Demonstrate your understanding of Direction as a part of the UN MPKI Cycle
- Demonstrate your understanding of key terms within Direction
- Demonstrate ability to create an Information Acquisition Plan (IAP)
- Demonstrate ability to develop Named Areas of Interest
- Explain and develop Indicators

#### Key Terms

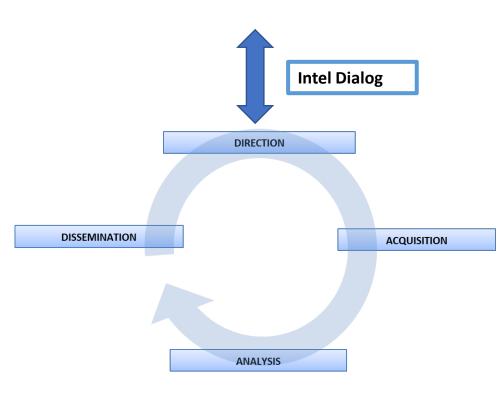
- Intelligence Dialogue (ID)
- Priority Intelligence Requirements (PIR)
- Specific Information Requirements (SIR)
- Essential Elements of Information (EEI)
- Information Acquisition Plan (IAP)
- Named Areas of Interest (NAI)
- Request for information (RFI)

#### Information Acquisition Plan(IAP)



#### Direction

- Clear direction is the starting point
- Outlines requirements
- Ensure focus
- Enables prioritization



#### Direction: Overview

What does Leadership want/need to know? How can the MPKI cell break down leadership's broad information and intelligence requirements How do I manage acquisition assets to find the answers?

Direction from Leadership Direction translated to PIRs, SIR, and EEIs

Acquisition assets tasked

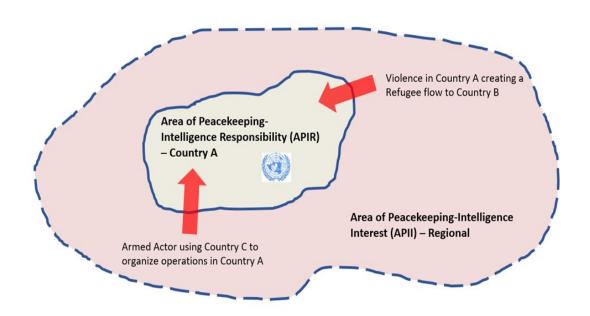
Requirements are NOT static, require you to take/ascertain direction, and to give direction

Step One: Defining the APIR/APII

#### Defining the APIR/APII

- Area of Peacekeeping Intelligence Responsibility
   (APIR)- area allocated to a commander, responsible for intelligence production
- Area of Peacekeeping Intelligence Interest (APII)- area in which a commander requires intelligence on those factors and developments likely to affect the outcome of his current or future operations

## Defining the APIR/APII



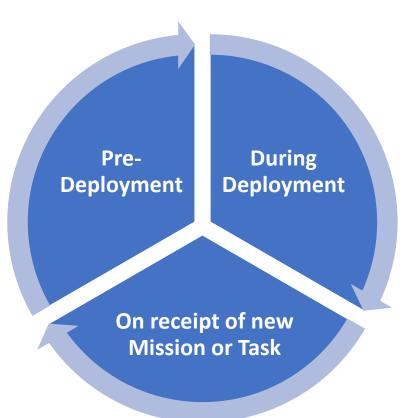
#### Direction – Learning Activity 1

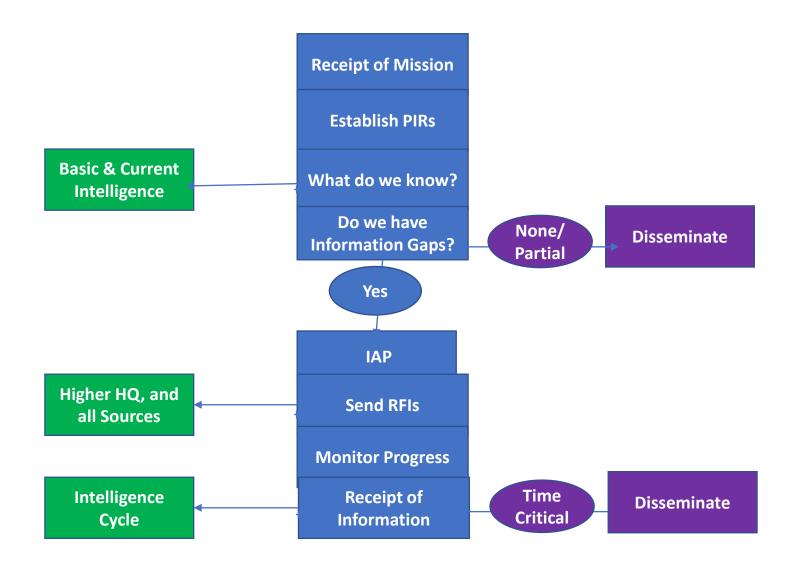
- Time 15 min.
- Individual task
- Define your Sector APIR
- Define your APII and justify
- Is information Acquisition mandated outside Force AOR? If not, how do you acquire Info
- Brief this, justifying your inclusions

Step Two: Ascertaining Direction

#### Direction: When?

What does Leadership want/need to know?





#### Direction: PIRs - from who/what?



Mission or Task



U2/G2Section



Dialogue with Commander and Commander's Intent









Your knowledge of the **Operating Environment** 



Mandate

## Intelligence Dialogue

 U2/G2/S2 representative and Commander and any other necessary staff

#### Why is it important:

- To fully understand Commander's intent
- To understand how your cell can be most useful
- To generate 'buy in' to the intelligence process
- To manage expectations

#### Questions to ask:

- What do you want or need to know
- What are your information/intelligence priorities
- When, where, and how do you need the reporting

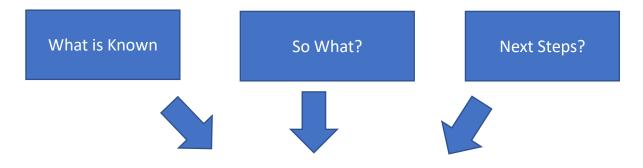




#### Mission

UN Force deploys in three conflict affected areas (sectors west, east, and north) of Country A, for the duration of its mandate to ensure: a safe and secure environment for all civilians in its area of operations; to facilitate the freedom of movement of humanitarian aid convoys; to monitor and report on violations of ceasefires, and of human rights violations; where possible, to assist the government in the reestablishment of state-authority; and to ensure its own Force Protection.

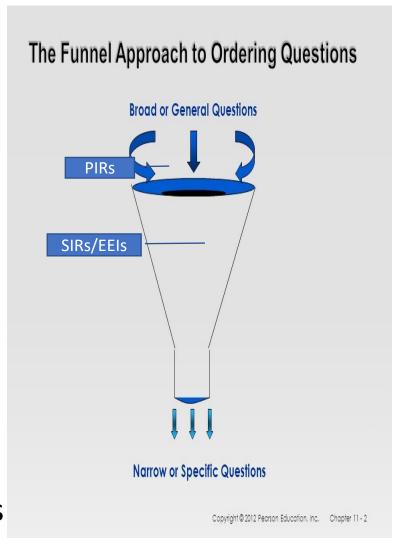
#### Three column format: Process



Factor	Deduction	Output				
Input factor or question	Analyses process (So What)	Output for staff				
	Exa	ample				
High temperatures and no rain- season	Drought, Famine and increasing flow of refugee	Focused questions (PIR's – RFI's) Effects on OE, population and UN Potential actions by UN Tasks for UN / UNCT Constraints for UN Risks for population and UN mission				

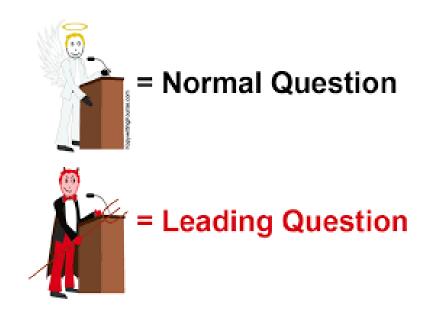
#### Characteristics of PIRs

- PIRs are requirements raised by commanders to support a specific mission
- A series (maximum 8) in an IAP
- Always posed in a question
- Broad Intel Requirements are that directly relate to your mission or mandate:
- Non-specific
- Relates Force Protection, POC
- Not subject to frequent change
- Too general to be useful to sensors
- Require further reduction



#### Framing a Good Question

- Types of questions
  - Closed
  - Leading
  - Compounded
  - Open



atus Priority	PIR	SIR	EEIs	INDICATORS		OLLE NIT	CTIN	IG		NAI	NLT	LTIOV
					A Coy	В Соу	C Coy	Recce	do Nu			
		IR 1.1: How are the tribes and clans in the AOR composed? ME IR 1.2: Who are the formal and informal leaders in the region? MD IR 1.3: What is the level of criminality? Who are the criminals? Who are the leaders? MD IR 1.4: What type and number of weapons are present? ME IR 1.5: How are neighboring regions affecting the situation in the region? MD IR 1.6: What is the political ambition of the political leaders in the AOR? MC		Leaders, offices, meeting places, places of worship Building structures, dress code, greeting traditions Police records, prisons, "shady activities", taxing/bribes Guns, weapons caches, weapons smuggling, money flow, IDPs, smuggling Public statements, election campaigns, media, brochures, graffiti, meetings and rallies	x		х	х	R	NAIs 11, 13, 15, 22, 24, 33, 35  NAIs 22, 31, 33  NAIs 11, 22, 31  All & NAI 11  NAIs 11, 12, 22, 31, 33	12NOV 2017. 2400	14NOV 2017. 2400

LTIOV: Latest time information of value Mission Desirable (MD)

NAI: Named area of interest

#### Direction Learning Activity 2

Approx. 45 minutes (Syndicate work)

#### Task:

- Use mission, mandate, tasks, and commander's intent, identify relevant factors for consideration
- Transfer two factors to three column format
- Make necessary deductions
- Create a list of IRs, group them thematically, and create two PIRs
- Transfer PIRs to your IAP

# Step Three: Prioritize your PIRs

### Prioritizing Intelligence Requirements

- Mission Critical (MC). A PIR critical to success of mission; will not succeed unless PIR is answered
- Mission Essential (ME). A PIR deemed essential to assist in mission success
- Mission Desirable (MD). A PIR / IR is important to know but not essential to the success of the mission

Status	Priority	PIR	SIR	EEIs	INDICATORS	CO	LLEC	TIN	G		NAI	NLT	LTIOV
						A Coy	В Соу	C Coy	Recce	qo Nn			
			IR 1.1: How are the tribes and clans in the AOR composed? ME IR 1.2: Who are the formal and informal leaders in the Jon MD IR 1.3: Who are the criminals? Who are the leaders? MD IR 1.4: What type and number of weapons are present? ME IR 1.5: How are neighboring regions affecting the situation in the region? MD IR 1.6: What is the political ambition of the political leaders in the AOR? MC		Leaders, offices, meeting places, places of worship Building structures, dress code, greeting traditions Police records, prisons, "shady activities", taxing/bribes Guns, weapons caches, weapons smuggling, money flow, IDPs, smuggling Public statements, election campaigns, media, brochures, graffiti, meetings and rallies	x x		x	x x	R	NAIs 11, 13, 15, 22, 24, 33, 35  NAIs 22, 31, 33  NAIs 11, 22, 31  AII & NAI 11  NAIs 11, 12, 22, 31, 33	12NOV 2017. 2400	14NOV 2017. 2400
			PIR: Priority intelli NLT: Not later that NAI: Named area o		formation requirement Request for Information. V: Latest time information	ofv	alue	Mis	sion	Esse	sion Critical (MC) ential (ME) irable (MD)		

#### Learning Activity 3— Prioritize PIRs

Time: 15 minutes.

Task:

 Using the 7 PIRs given to you, decide which are Mission Critical, Essential and Desirable

 Be prepared to justify your responses in your back brief to the Instructor

# Step Four: Specific Information Requirements / Essential Elements of Information

Status	Priority	PIR	SIR	EEIs	INDICATORS	CO		TIN	G		NAI	NLT	LTIOV
						A Coy	В Соу	C Coy	Recce	do Nu			
			IR 1.1: How are the tribes and clans in the AOR composed? ME IR 1.2: Who are the formal and informal leaders in the region? MD IR 1.3: What is the level of criminality? Who are the criminals? Who are the leaders? MD IR 1.4: What type and number of weapons are present? ME IR 1.5: How are neighboring regions affecting the situation in the region? MD IR 1.6: What is the political ambition of the political leaders in the AOR? MC		Leaders, offices, meeting places, places of worship Building structures, dress code, greeting traditions Police records, prisons, "shady activities", taxing/bribes Guns, weapons caches, weapons smuggling, money flow, IDPs, smuggling Public statements, election campaigns, media, brochures, graffiti, meetings and rallies	x	x x		x x		NAIS 11, 13, 15, 22, 24, 33, 35  NAIS 22, 31, 33  NAIS 11, 22, 31  AII & NAI 11  NAIS 11, 12, 22, 31, 33	12NOV 2017. 2400	14NOV 2017. 2400
			PIR: Priority intell		nformation requirement Request for Information.						sion Critical (MC) ential (ME)		

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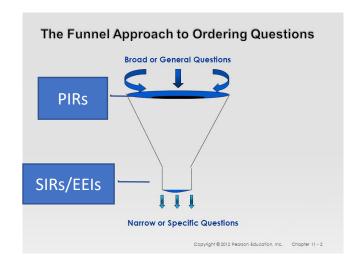
NAI: Named area of interest

#### SIRs and EEIs – Why?

- A PIR or IR is an **Intelligence** Requirement
- Intelligence is comprised of multiple sources of Information:
  - Specific **Information** Requirements
  - Essential Elements of Information
- PIRs are too broad
- Often your sensors will NOT understand:
  - What to look for
  - What kind of questions to ask
  - What to report
- Information Acquisition Plan to ALL units

#### Characteristics of SIRs/EEIs

- Always connected to a PIR
- Always posed in question form
- Increasingly specific questions:
  - Granular detail
  - Can relate to specific actors' geographical areas
  - Clear guidance to sensors



PIR 1: What threats to Civilians exist in the AOR?

SIR 1.1: What armed Groups operate in the AOR?

SIR 1.2: Does tension exist between civilian population groups in the AOR?

SIR 1.3: What diseases are prevalent in the AOR?

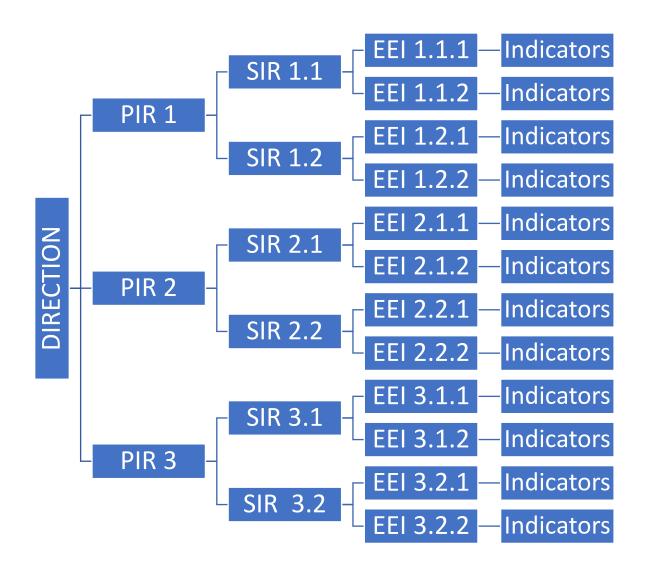
SIR 1.4: What other hazards occur in the AOR?

SIR 1.5: What is the capacity of the State to respond?

Groups does the civilian population fear?

EE 1.1.2 What arms do these Armed Groups use?

EEI 1.1.3 Where and when do these Armed Groups operate?



#### Learning Activity 4 Establish Initial IAP

Time: 45 minutes

Task: Issue an IAP. Use the two PIRs, break them down to SIRs and EEIs

- Use the Three Column format
- Complete your syndicate IAP, and BPT brief on it

#### Take Away

- PIRs should never be given straight to units without being broken down to SIRs and EEIs
- Once a good IAP is constructed it is a living document and should change
- With each new mission there will be new intelligence and information gaps:
  - If time allows: SIRs, EEIs collected prior to the new mission
  - If not, add to the IAP or create a mission-specific IAP
  - Issue as IAP or as RFIs to Acquisition Assets
  - Monitor progress: Brief outgoing patrols, Debrief returning patrols, maintain pressure on acquisition assets/superior HQs etc

# Questions